5 SEM TDC DSE ECO (CBCS) 5 (H)

2023

(November)

ECONOMICS

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-5

(Money and Financial Market)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1.	Answer	the	following	as	directed	:	1×8=8
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(a)
$$M_3 =$$
____ + ____.

(Fill in the blanks)

(b) Treasury Bills are short-term Government Securities generally of _____ months duration.

(Fill in the blank)

(c) When was SEBI established as a statutory body?

- (d) How many companies are included in BSE sensex?
- (e) Which of the following is not a part of demand for loanable funds?
 - (i) Investment
 - (ii) Dissaving
 - (iii) Bank money
 - (iv) Hoarding

(Choose the correct answer)

(f) Demand for money for speculative motive is a negative function of rate of interest.

(Write True or False)

- (g) Bank rate is the
 - (i) market rate of interest
 - (ii) discount rate of Central Bank
 - (iii) discount rate of commercial bank
 - (iv) None of the above

(Choose the correct answer)

- (h) Which of the following is not a method of selective credit control?
 - (i) Rationing of credit
 - (ii) Marginal requirements
 - (iii) Cash reserve ratio
 - (iv) Regulation of consumer credit

(Choose the correct answer)

- (a) High-powered money
- (b) Primary and secondary market for securities
- (c) Commercial bill market
- (d) Uses of expectation hypothesis
- (e) Functions of Central Bank
- 3. (a) Discuss about the various determinants of money supply. Write about the RBI approach to money supply. 6+6=12

Or

- (b) What is money multiplier? What are the objectives of money multiplier? Write the formula of money multiplier. 2+8+2=12
- 4. (a) Describe the structure of financial markets. Discuss the role of financial derivatives in the financial market.

6+5=11

Or

(b) What are the different types of non-banking financial institutions found in India? State the role and importance of non-banking financial institutions in Indian economy. 5+6=11

5. (a) Examine the role and functions of stock exchange in India. Mention the drawbacks of Indian stock exchanges.

6+5=11

Or

(b) What is stock market index? What are the methods of calculating stock market index? What are bull and bear markets? 2+6+3=11

6. (a) What is meant by the term structure of interest rate? State and explain the liquidity premium and segmented market theory of the term structure of interest rate.

3+4+4=11

Or

- (b) Explain the liquidity preference theory of rate of interest.
- 7. (a) Explain the process of multiple credit creation by commercial banks. What are its limitations? 8+3=11

Or

(b) What are the instruments of monetary policy? Mention the highlights of the current monetary policy of India. 7+4=11

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