5 SEM TDC ECO M 4

2017

(November)

ECONOMICS

(Major)

Course: 504

(Monetary Theory and Financial Market)

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks: 32/24

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- Answer the following/Choose the correct answer of the following: 1×8=8
 - (a) What do you mean by narrow definition of supply of money?

- (b) Who is the custodian of government's security papers and bonds?
- (c) Which of the following statements is true for cash balance approach?
 - (i) More importance on spending of money
 - (ii) Money supply is a flow variable
 - (iii) More importance on demand for money
 - (iv) More importance on supply of money
- (d) "Inflation is a phenomenon of full employment." Who said?
 - (i) Hawtrey
 - (ii) Keynes
 - (iii) Friedman
 - (iv) Crowther

(e) The equation

$$\frac{1+C_r}{C_r+RR_r+ER_r}$$

represents

- (i) reserve deposit ratio
- (ii) high-powered money
- (iii) money supply
- (iv) money multiplier
- (f) Schumpeter's theory of business cycle is based on which of the following factors?
 - (i) Money and credit expansion
 - (ii) Over investment
 - (iii) Innovation
 - (iv) Under-consumption
- (g) Commercial banks create credit with the help of
 - (i) time deposit
 - (ii) short-term deposit
 - (iii) demand deposit
 - (iv) None of the above

- (h) Treasury bill is associated with
 - (i) capital market
 - (ii) stock market
 - (iii) money market
 - (iv) None of the above
- 2. Write short notes on any four of the following (within 150 words each):

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- (a) Phillips curve
- (b) Difference between inflation and deflation
- (c) Characteristics of the depression phase of trade cycle
- (d) Selective credit control measures
- (e) Importance of capital market

Answer the following questions (within 500 words each):

- 3. (a) (i) What is speculative demand for money? How is it related to the rate of interest? 1+2=3
 - (ii) Explain the restated version of the Quantity Theory of Money given by Milton Friedman.

Or

- (b) What is meant by 'high-powered money'? How does it influence the volume of money supply? 3+9=12
- 4. (a) (i) Distinguish between demandpull and cost-push inflation. 4
 - (ii) What is stagflation? Discuss the measures that can be taken to cure the problem of stagflation.

2+5=7

9

Or

(b) Explain the objectives of monetary policy. Mention the limitations of monetary policy. 8+3=11

5.	(a)	Explain Hawtrey's theory of trade cycle. Mention the merits and demerits of the theory. 8+3=	t/\
	(b)	Critically discuss the cobweb theory of trade cycle.	11
6.	(a)	Discuss the comparative role of regional rural banks and commercial banks in rural development.	11
I=I	(b)	(i) Explain the types and functions of Non-Banking Financial Intermediaries in India.	
		(ii) Discuss the reasons for accumulation of Non-Performing Assets in India.	5
7.	(a)	(i) What is capital market? Explain the functions of capital market. 2+4	=6
		(ii) Discuss the measures taken to reform the Indian financial system.	5

Or

(b) What is money market? Explain the importance of money market.

Mention the defects of Indian money market.

2+5+4=11
