5 SEM TDC ECO M 3

2016

(November)

ECONOMICS

(Major)

Course: 503

(History of Economic Thoughts)

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks: 32 (Backlog) / 24 (2014 onwards)

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following/Choose the correct answer: 1×8=8
 - (a) Who used the term 'physiocracy' for the first time?
 - (b) Karl Marx was the father of
 - (i) State Socialism
 - (ii) Traditionalism
 - (iii) Scientific Socialism
 - (iv) None of the above

(Turn Over)

- (c) Name two economic thinkers of historical school.
- (d) Name one economist belonging to neoclassical school.
- (e) What is the real name of Kautilya?
- (f) Who gave the first scientific treatment of general equilibrium analysis?
 - (i) Leon Walras
 - (ii) J. B. Say
 - (iii) Keynes
 - (iv) J. K. Mehta
- (g) To which of the following would the mercantilists have objected?
 - (i) Free trade
 - (ii) Stimulating exports
 - (iii) Restricting imports and exports
 - (iv) Accumulation of gold by their nation
- (h) Ricardo predicted the economy would end in a stationary state because
 - (i) people would tire of working
 - (ii) the economy would run out of mineral resources
 - (iii) innovation would dry up
 - (iv) the economy would run out of arable land

- 2. Write short notes on any four of the following (within 150 words each): 4×4=16
 - (a) Basic tenets of physiocracy
 - (b) State socialism
 - (c) Factors giving rise to subjectivism
 - (d) Gadgil's economic ideas
 - (e) Keynesian economics and underdeveloped countries
 - (f) Knut Wicksell's contributions to economic thought

Answer the following questions (within 500 words each):

 (a) What are the main doctrines of mercantilism? Examine their relevance in modern economic thought. 8+4=12

Or

- (b) Discuss critically the contributions of Adam Smith as the founder of economic science. 12
- 4. (a) Explain the important tenets of Marx.

 Do you agree with the view that

 Marxism is merely a branch grafted

 on the classical trunk? Give
 justifications. 8+3=11

Or

(b) Explain the main economic ideas of J. K. Rodbertus and F. Lassalle. 6+5=11

(Turn Over)

5. (a) Write a critical note on the reconstruction of economic science.

Explain the economic ideas of Walras.

6+5=11

Or

- (b) What is neoclassicism? Evaluate the position of Marshall in the history of economic thought. 3+8=11
- 6. (a) Give an account of the contributions of J. M. Keynes to economic thought.

 Point out the major differences between classical economics and Keynesian economics.

 7+4=11

Or

- (b) What is meant by Keynesian Revolution? What was its impact on different branches of economic theory?

 Elaborate. 4+7=11
- 7. (a) Discuss critically the economic ideas of Kautilya.

Or

(b) Explain Naoroji's economic ideas.

Mention his suggestions to reduce the magnitude of drain of resource from India.

7+4=11
