5 SEM TDC ECO M 3

2019

(November)

ECONOMICS

(Major)

Course: 503

(History of the Economic Thoughts)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32/24

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Choose the correct answer/Answer/Fill in the blanks of the following: 1×8=8
 - (a) "It is production which creates market for goods." Who said that?
 - (b) In which ratio, according to Malthus, population increases?

- (c) Karl Marx is associated with
 - (i) the law of concentration of capital
 - (ii) comparative cost advantage theory
 - (iii) law of market
 - (iv) None of the above
- (d) Quasi-rent arises in short run/long run.
- (e) What is marginalism?
- (f) Name one economist belonging to Austrian school.
- (g) According to J. M. Keynes, investment multiplier is ratio between increase in ____ and increase in investment.
- (h) Who authored the book, Poverty and Un-British Rule in India?
- 2. Write short notes on any four of the following (within 150 words each): 4×4=16
 - (a) Mercantilist theory of balance of trade
 - (b) Adam Smith's theory of division of labour
 - (c) Contributions of J. K. Rodbertus

(d)	General	versus	partial	equilibrium		
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- (e) Consumption function of J. M. Keynes
- (f) Economic ideas of D. R. Gadgil
- (a) What are the factors responsible for the rise of physiocracy? Analyze the main ideas of the physiocrats.

Or

- (b) Explain briefly the contribution of David
 Ricardo and examine his place in the
 history of economic thought. 8+3=11
- 4. (a) Discuss the critical and positive ideas of historical school. 6+5=11

Or

- (b) Elaborate Karl Marx's theory of surplus value. Mention its limitations. 8+3=11
- 5. (a) What are the basic economic ideas of Alfred Marshall in the history of economic thought? Analyze the main points.

Or

(b) Give an account of the contributions of Bohm Bawerk.

6. (a) Distinguish between Keynesian and classical economics. How did Keynes analyze the liquidity preference theory of rate of interest?

7+4=11

Or

- (b) Critically discuss the Keynesian theory of employment.
- 7. (a) What are the basic characteristics of Gandhian economics? To what extent economic ideas of Gandhi are relevant in present India?

 9+3=12

Or

(b) Discuss the economic ideas of Dadabhai Naoroji. Evaluate his contributions in brief. 9+3=12

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