#### 5 SEM TDC EDN M 1

## 2016

(November)

## **EDUCATION** (Major)

Course: 501

## ( Child Psychology and Child Guidance )

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks: 32 (Backlog) / 24 (2014 onwards)

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) Answer the following: 1×3=3

- (i) Mention one eating problem of early childhood
- (ii) Which period of development of the newborn child is called neonatal?
- (iii) "Counselling may be defined as a series of direct contacts with the individual which aims to offer him assistance in changing his attitudes and behaviour." Who said this?

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(Turn Over)

# (b) State whether the following are True or False: 1×5=5

- (i) Maternal nutrition is important before and during pregnancy and is the most influential non-genetic factor in foetal development.
- (ii) Child psychology is not developmental psychology.
- (iii) Vocational guidance is needed to help students in selection of subjects.
- (iv) Acceptance and rejection problems are mostly found in case of children whose mothers are working.
- (v) Family relations and birth order do not affect a child's language development.
- 2. Write short notes on the following:  $4\times4=16$ 
  - (a) Some common symptoms of physiological problems during childhood
  - (b) Experimental method in child psychology
  - (c) Role of play in early childhood
  - (d) Four factors that affect continuity of growth

3. What is meant by growth and development?

Discuss at least seven principles of human growth and development. 2+2+7=11

Or

What is meant by language development?

Discuss four factors affecting language development of a child.

3+8=11

- 4. "Early childhood is a foundation period of life." Why is the early childhood stage called foundation period of life? Write on the historical perspective of development of child psychology.
  3+7=10
- 5. Mention four social adjustment problems during childhood. Discuss the ways of prevention and correction of social adjustment problems of children. 4+7=11

Or

Write short notes on the following: 5½×2=11

- (a) Nutritional problems during childhood
- (b) Behavioural problems during early childhood
- 6. Mention three parental attitudes towards the child. Discuss the impact of any one of these on a child's development.

  3+8=11

7. What is meant by preventive counselling?

Discuss the meaning and significance of counselling in an educational institution.

4+4+5=13

Or

Write the nature and scope of guidance and counselling. 6+7=13

life." Why is the coxxx differed stage called