3 SEM TDC EDN M 2

2019

(November)

EDUCATION

(Major)

Course: 302

(Educational Measurement and Evaluation)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32/24

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. (a) Write True or False of the following: 1×4=4
 - (i) Psychological measurement has no true zero point.
 - (ii) Face validity is the mere appearance that a test measures what the test desires to measure.
 - (iii) TAT is a projective technique of assessing personality.
 - (iv) The concept of IQ was first suggested by Alfred Binet.

- (b) Answer the following questions: $1\times4=4$
 - (i) Define measurement.
 - (ii) Mention one internal factor that affects reliability of a test.
 - (iii) What is range?
 - (iv) Write any one property of normal probability curve.
- **2.** Write short notes on the following: $4 \times 5 = 20$
 - (a) Relation between measurement and evaluation
 - (b) Rating scale
 - (c) Differential aptitude test
 - (d) Types of data
 - (e) Uses of pie diagram
- 3. What is meant by educational measurement?

 Write three characteristics of physical measurement. Discuss the importance of measurement in education. 2+3+5=10

Or

What is meant by evaluation? How far are measurement and evaluation necessary in the field of education? Describe the characteristics of continuous and comprehensive evaluation. 2+3+5=10

 What is validity? Explain face validity, predictive validity and concurrent validity.

2+2+3+3=10

2)

Or

What is standardized test? Describe the steps involved in construction of a standardized achievement test. 3+7=10

- 5. What are self-report inventories? Describe the advantages and disadvantages of selfreport inventory as a tool for assessment of personality. 2+4+4=10
- 6. What is meant by the term 'educational statistics'? Explain its importance in the field of education. 2+3=5
- 7. Calculate quartile deviation from the following distribution table :

Class Interval	Frequency
90-94	2
85-89	2
80-84	4
75–79	8
70-74	8
65-69	13
60-64	9
55-59	6
50-54	5
45-49	1
40-44	2
10	N = 60

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8. Draw a histogram from the following frequency distribution table :

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Class Interval	Frequency
20-24	2
25-29	3
30–34	6
35–39	10
40-44	15
45-49	9
50-54	6
55–59	4
60-64	3
65-69	_ 2
	N = 60

9. Determine the coefficient of correlation by using product moment method from the two sets of scores given below:

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Student	Marks in English	Marks in History
A	78	84
В	36	54
C	98	36
D	25	60
E	75	36
F	10	54
G	25	92
Н	62	36
I	36	62
J	44	68