## 3 SEM TDC ENG G 1 (A)

2017

( November )

**ENGLISH** 

(General)

(Arts)

Course: 301

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32/24

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

## A: Poetry

1. Answer any four of the following (two each from Unit—I and Unit—II): 10×4=40

### UNIT-I

(a) Elucidate the difference between the poet and the rustic girl as to their respective concepts of death as presented in the poem, We Are Seven.

- (b) How does Robert Frost treat the dual theme of 'walling in' and 'walling out' in the poem, *Mending Wall*?
- (c) How does T. S. Eliot commemorate the sacrifice of the Indian soldiers in Africa in the poem, To the Indians Who Died in Africa?
- (d) Do you agree with the view that Nissim Ezekiel's poem, A Very Indian Poem in Indian English is a satire on colloquial Indian English? Substantiate.

### UNIT-II

- (a) Langston Hughes' poem, Ballad of the Landlord reflects the racism and discrimination that the African-Americans are subjected to in the white majority American society. Discuss.
- (b) Seamus Heaney's poem, The Wife's Tale presents the ignored wife's point of view in a farming family. Discuss.

- (c) How does Grace Nichols deal with the problem of alienation, confusion, and uncertainty in an alien land in the poem, Wherever I Hang?
- (d) How does Derek Walcott treat the theme of the colonial past of West Indies in the poem, Koenig of the River?
- 2. Explain, with reference to the context, any one of the following:
  - (a) Something there is that doesn't love a wall, That sends the frozen-ground-swell under it, And spills the upper boulders in the sun; And makes gaps even two can pass abreast.
  - (b) I am standing for peace and non-violence. Why world is fighting, fighting, Why all people of world Are not following Mahatma Gandhi, I am simply not understanding.
  - (c) Police! Police!

    Come and get this man!

    He's trying to ruin the government

    And overturn the land!

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- 3. Give very brief answers to any five of the following: 1×5=5
  - (a) What is the name of the second brother who died in the poem, We Are Seven?
  - (b) What does 'yelping dogs' mean in the poem, Mending Wall?
  - (c) What does 'Five Rivers' mean in the poem, To the Indians Who Died in Africa?
  - (d) Who is referred to as 'Indirabehn' in the poem, A Very Indian Poem in Indian English?
  - (e) How much does the black tenant owe to the white landlord in the poem, Ballad of the Landlord?
  - (f) What does 'stubble' mean in the poem, The Wife's Tale?

# (5)

- (g) Which country does Grace Nichols originally hail from?
- (h) What does the German word Koenig' mean in English?

### B: One-Act Play

#### UNIT-III

- 4. Answer the following in brief (any three):1×3=3
  - (a) "I am so glad to see you." Who says this in the one-act play, A Marriage Proposal?
  - (b) How old is Natalia?
  - (c) "I am thirty-five—a critical age". Who says this?
  - (d) What is the full name of Tschubukov?
  - (e) What do Lomov and Natalia argue over after the first argument over the meadows gets resolved?

- 5. Answer briefly any two of the following: 3×2=6
  - (a) Why is Lomov desperate to marry?
  - (b) Describe in your own words the first meeting between Tschubukov and Lomov.
  - (c) Bring out the element of humour in the argument between Lomov and Natalia over the ownership of the meadows.
- 6. (a) Answer any one of the following:

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- (i) "In A Marriage Proposal, Anton Chekhov satirizes the upper class courtship rituals where land exchange is more emphasized over love and mutual respect." Discuss.
- (ii) Compare and contrast the three characters—Tschubukov, Natalia, and Lomov in the one-act play, A Marriage Proposal.
- (iii) Discuss how the proposal of marriage changes the attitude of Natalia towards Lomov in the very moment. What does this signify in the play, A Marriage Proposal?

- (b) Answer any one of the following:
  - (i) How is the hypocrisy of the upper middle class members of the society represented in the play, A Marriage Proposal?
  - (ii) Discuss A Marriage Proposal as a farce.

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