## 1 SEM TDC HST M 1

## 2018

( November )

## **HISTORY**

( Major )

Course: 101

## (Introduction to History and its Sources)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32/24

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. (a) Answer the following in one word or in one sentence each: 1×8=8
  - (i) "History makes man wise." Who made this comment?
  - (ii) Mention the name of a subaltern historian.
  - (iii) What is the meaning of the term 'Rajatarangini'?

- (iv) Name the foreign traveller who visited the court of Chandragupta Maurya.
- (v) Who translated the Kitab-ul-Hind into English?
- (vi) What is 'Bakhar'?
- (vii) Name the Ahom king whose coins are considered as the oldest found till today.
- (viii) Name the chronicler who accompanied Mir Jumla to Assam.
- (b) Write short notes on any three of the following: 4×3=12
  - (i) Relation of History with Economics
  - (ii) Hatigumpha Inscription of Kharavela
  - (iii) Badauni
  - (iv) Kalika Purana
  - (v) Fathiya-i-Ibriyah
- 2. Define History and discuss its scope.

Or

Discuss the Marxist trend of history writing in India.

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(Continued)

12

11

3. Give an account of Arthasastra as an important source material of ancient Indian history.

12

Or

Trace the importance of coins of early India as a source of history writing.

4. Bring out the salient features of Ziauddin Barani's theory of history and examine the value of his writings as a source for the history of Sultanate period.

12

Or

Write a note on Tavernier's account of India.

5. Prepare a note on the Inscriptions of early Assam with special reference to Nidhanpur Copper Plates of Bhaskaravarman.

12

Or

Write a note on Darrang Rajvamsawali as a source of medieval history of Assam.

Discuss the importance of the inscriptions of medieval Assam as a source of history. 12

Write a note on Captain Welsh's account of Assam.

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